Melrany

CROFT RURAL DISTRICT

ANNUAL REPORT

of

MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH.

for

1952.

F. W. Gavin, L. D., Oh.B., D. P. H.

To the Chairman and Gentlemen of the Croft Rural District Council.

Gentlemen,

I have the honour to present my Annual Report for the year ended 31st December 1952.

Dr. Priestman resigned his appointment as Medical Officer of Health in August and my duties commenced on the 1st September 1952.

The vital statistics for the year under review are entirely favourable, the birth rate at 18.13 per 1,000 population remained higher than that for England and Wales at 15.30. There were 47 live births as against 56 in 1951.

The infantile mortality rate and the maternal mortality rate were both nil.

Total deaths declined from 27 in 1951 to 18 in 1952, there being 4 deaths from cancer and one death from pulmonary tuberculosis.

The year was noteworthy for the small number of notifications of infectious diseases viz:- 10 cases of whooping cough, one case of scarlet fever, and one case of pulmonary tuber-culosis - only 12 cases in all.

Notes of work carried out by the North Riding County Council under Sections 22, 25, 24 and 25 of the National Health Service Act 1946 are to be found on pages 5 and 6 of this Report.

Water Supplies. The Report of the Sanitary Inspector gives details of these supplies and the results of water samples taken from various sources.

Sewerage and Sewage Disposal. Details will be found in the Sanitary Inspector's Report under this heading.

Refuse Disposal. Public scavenging, as recorded in the Sanitary Inspector's Report is satisfactory.

Medical Officer of Health.

- Alan

PUBLIC HEALTH STAFF.

Medical Officer of Health. Austin Priestman, MB., Ch.B. D.P.H. (resigned 31/8/53)

F. W. Gavin, L. D., Ch.B. D.R.E. (appointed 1/9/5%)

Sanitary Inspector, J. D. Gollins, M.R.S.I., M.S.I.A. (Part-time)

Additional Sanitary Inspector. J. F. Ellison, C.R.S.I., (Part-time) M.S.I.A.

GENERAL STATISTICS.

Area of the District in acres	19,731
Resident Population	2,592
Number of inhabited houses at 1st April 195	2 738
Rateable Value at 1st April 1952	2 10,047
Sun represented by a penny rate	2 41. 17. 3.
Rate in 2 levied at 1st April 1952	9/-

VITAL STATISTICS.

BIRTHS. The number of Live births registered during the year was 47 as against 56 in 1951, at decrease of 9. The birth rates comparison shows that the rate for the District is again greater than that for the rest of England and Wales.

The number of still births registered in the District during the year was NID, as against one in 1951.

Birth Rate Comparisons.	per 1,000 population Live Births. Still Births
Croft Rural District 1952 Croft Rural District 1951 England and Wales 1952	13.13 0.00 21.65 .39 15.30 .35
1952 M F	Births Still Births 1951 1952 1951 M F M F M F 27 25 2 2
Residential Distribution of Bir	ths. 1952 <u>Five Eirths</u> Still Births R
Barton Cleasby	6 4 • 1
Cockleberry Croft Dalton on Tees	16 7 4 1
Eryholme Girsby Manfield Newton Morrell	. 1. 2 . 1 2
Stapleton	1 6

32

15

Totals

NIL

DEATHS. Maternal Mortality. Again there was no case of a woman dying in, or in consequence of childbirth in the District, and as there was no such death in 1951 and 1950 this compares very favourably with the maternal death rate for England and Wales, which for 1952 was .72 per 1,000 total live births.

Infantile Mortality. The number of infants (under one year) who died during 1952 was NIL, as against one in 1951, again decreasing on the previous year. As this rate cannot be improved it shows a great improvement on the Rate for England and Wales.

Infantile Mortality Comparisons per 1,000 live births.

Croft Rural District 1952 0.00 Croft Rural District 1951 17.86 England and Wales 1952 27.60

Deaths from all causes. During 1952 there were 18 deaths from all causes registered in the District, a decrease for the second time on the previous year, and again comparing favourably with that for England and Wales.

Death Rates Comparisons. Death Rate per 1,000 population

Croft Rural District 1952 6.94 Croft Rural District 1951 10.44 England and Wales 1952 11.30

Cause of All Deaths and Sexes.	19	952	19	51
Britishedd mein neffodg trapin ach da rapin ger van meitig belage i dereghneddon probleman. I din dir red meitind frith from villa d	2 n· 2.1	F	1.1	F
Tuberculosis - respiratory	•	1	9	•
Other infective and parasitic diseases	•	1	٠	°
Malignant neoplasm, stomach	•	1	3	1
u , lung, bronchus uterus	•	•	7	1
Other malignant and lymphatic neoplasms	•	3	•	1
Diabetes •••	1.	•		•
Vascular lesions of nervous system	ī	4	4	ī
Coronary disease, angina.	1	0	3	1
Other heart diseases	2	1	3	6
Other circulatory diseases	•	1	•	•
Influenza	•	•	•	•
Pneumonia	•	•	1	1
Mephritis and Mephrosis	•	1		•
Other defined and ill-defined diseases			•	
Totals	5	13	14	13
100000		TO THE PERSON NAMED IN		

Number of deaths from the seven chief causes and rate per 1,000 pop.

		Number of I	Deaths		Rate
		1952	1951	1952	1951
T/B Nonpulmonary		•	•	•	•
Cancer	• • •	4	4	1.54	1.55
Respiratory (not T/B)	• • •	•	2	•	.77
Heart Disease	0 2 6	4	13	1.54	5.03
T/B Pulmonary	• • •	1	•	.39	•
Vascualr lesions of nerv	vous system	5	5	1.92	1.93
Other circulatory diseas		1	•	. 39	•
ឮ	Potals	15	24	5.78	9.28
		Charles and the contract of the contract of	different selection of the state of the selection of the	by a common adjust again as an expension or	The section of the se

Ages at Death f	from all Causes	1952	1951
Under 1 year 1/25 years 25/55 years 55/75 years over 75 years	Totals	1 3 6 8	1 1 4 14 7 27

Residential Distribution of Deaths from all Causes.

	M	F
	1	2
0 : 0		•
	•	•
	•	2
	•	1
	1	1
• • •	1	1
	•	1
• • •	•	3
	1	•
	•	I
0 0 0	1	•
• • •	•	1
Totals	5	13
	Totals	

INFECTIOUS DISEASES. There were 11 cases of notifiable diseases reported in 1952, again a reduction on the numbers for the previous year.

Analysis and Comparisons	1952	1951
Scarlet Fever	1	3
Measles		16
Whooping Cough	10	1
	11	20

Residential Distribution of Infectious Diseases.

	Whooping Cough	Scarlet Fever
Cliffe	1	
Cockleberry	8	1
Croft	1	
	n-refrance	01004

TUBERCULOSIS. There was one notification of Pulmonary Tuberculosis in 1952, (a female, aged 23 and residing in Cockleberry) this being the same number of notifications as the previous year. There was also one death from this disease, (a female, aged 27 also a resident of Cockleberry). No deaths from this disease occurred in 1951.

VACCINATIONS AND IMMUNISATIONS.	1050		1.95	53
Age Groups and Comparisons 0	1952 - 5 ove:	r 5 0		over 5
Successful Vaccinations	3	5	3	5
Complete Course of Immunisation	20	ō	20	1

Residential Distribution of Vaccinations and Immunisations.

	Vacalii	ations	Immuni	sations
	0 . 5	over 5	0 5	
Barton	2	2	1	1
Cleasby	•	1	1	
Cliffe	1		•	
Cockleberry	1		Š	•
Croft	2	2	3.	•
Dalton on Tees	^	~	3	•
Eryholme			3	
Manfield	1	•	2	i
Over Dinsdale	-4-	•	2	1
	•	•	•	J.,
Piercebridge	•	•	•	Ţ
Stapleton		•	 6	L
	8	5	 20	5
		aranda secretaring as	-	

MATIONAL HEALTH SERVICE ACT 1946.

Section 22. Care of Mothers and Young Children.

" 23. Domiciliary Midwifery.

" 24. Health Visiting.

" 25. Home Hursing.

Three District Nurse/Midwives employed by the North Riding County Council carry out the duties required by the above four sections of the Act. There is one Infant Wel-fare Centre in the District - at Manfield, which is also under the jurisdiction of the County Council; this is attended by a local practitioner and the District Nurse. Sull advantage being taken of the facilities offered. The District Nurse again organised a successful day's outing to Redear for the mothers and children attending the Clinic.

The number of visits paid to patients by the District Murse/Midwives during 1952 are as follows:-

Year	Health Visiting	Home Nursing	Domiciliary Midwifery.
1951 1952	916 870	1878 1 966	1134 1210

Number of attendances made by children at 1051 the monthly sessions of the Hanfield Infant Welfare Centre. 324 329

Section 27. Ambulance Service. The North Riding County Council provide this service by arrangement with the St. John's Ambulance Brigade who have three vehicles stationed at Richmond and with the Hospital Car Service. These two services adequately cover Richmond Borough and the Rural Districts of Richmond, Croft, Reeth and Startforth.

Section 28. Prevention of Illness, Care and After Care.

The work of vaccination and immunisation, together with the advice spread by those working in the Public Health Service, Inspectors, Midwives, Maternity and Child Welfare Officers, Doctors and Nurses must all have a beneficial effect on the general health of the community.

Section 29. Domestic Help Service. This service is provided by the County Council and during 1952 two cases received 4342 hours service.

Section 51. Mental Health. No Committees in the District. No cases crose during 1952.

Section 47. National Assistance Act, 1948. No cases removed during the year.

The public health work of the District has been carried out as usual and I now express my thanks to your Sanitary Inspector, Mr. Collins and his assistant for their kind co-operation at all times and my clerical staff for their constant help and conscientious work.

The remainder of this Report was compiled by Mr. Collins and my thanks are here expressed for this great assistance.

Social Conditions and Employment. The district is entirely rural in character and as far as is known unemployment is negligible.

There are 4 gravel beds and the disused War-time R.A.F. Aerodrome, which is now used by the R. A. F. in connection with their Station at Middleton St. George in the adjacent Rural District. Part of the airfield is still used by the Darlington and District Aero Club.

Water Supply. There is a piped water supply to the major part of the rural district by statutory undertakers, the Tees Valley Water Board. The parishes served are Cleasby, Cliffe, Manfield, Stapleton and Croft. A bulk supply from the Tees Valley Water Board also serves, through a private main, part of the parish of Over Dinsdale. The Council take a bulk supply from the same Authority for part of the parish of Dalton and from Richmond Rural District Council for the Temporary Housing sites (ex R.A.F. Station) situated in part of the parishes of Dalton and Croft.

The parish of Barton is supplied by a private undertaking and has been fully described in my previous report. Early in the year a complaint was received regarding the purity of the water by the County Medical Officer originating from samples taken by the County Sanitary Officer. Further samples were taken and the headworks inspected by the Medical Officer, County Sanitary Officer and the Public Health Laboratory Pathologist. The results of the analysis of samples are shown hereafter. Efforts were made to trace the source of pollution through cooperation with Richmond Rural District Council Sanitary Inspector without success. It was agreed that the headworks and plant were in a satisfactory condition apart from minor defects which the undertakers agreed to remedy. The source was very deepseated and no evidence could be found to support the pollution indicated in the Analyses. The supply is being kept under observation.

Apart from the above, the other main supplies are, I understand satisfactory in both quality and quantity. In the parishes of Newton Morrell, Eryholme and Girsby as well as outlying parts of all parishes there is no mains supply. In these places the occupiers are served by springs and wells.

There is a piped supply from Croft to Halnaby Hall which is a bulk supply from the Tees Valley Water Board.

Samples of water are taken by the Statutory undertakers and are as follows:-

Tees Valley Water Board - 266 satisfactory 2 unsatisfactory.

Barton Water Supply - 1 "

Richmond - 3 "

There are no installations for the treatment of water apart from filtration and chlorination (Tees Valley Water Board and Richmond R. D. C.)

The following is a list of degrees of hardness for each supply:-

Temporary Hardness Permanent Hardness

Barton Water Supply	27.5	9,0
Tees Valley Water Board	8.138	0.91
Richmond	1.6,8	3,8

No water in the erea is known to have plumbo-solvent action.

Table of Water Samples.

No.	Date	Place	Supply	Reason Taken	Observation
1.	5.2.52	Barton C. of E. School	Barton Limestone Co.	Routine Sampling.	Unsatis- factory.
2.	4.3.52	Springhead	E Y	Check Sample	tt .
3.	4.3.52	Barton Reservoir	11	37	Suspicious
4.	4.3.52	Barton C. of E.	11	TT	Unsatis-
		School			factory
5.	5.1152	71	rī -	17	11
6.	16.12.52	ΙΤ	TT .	11	Suspicious

PROPOSED SCHEME.

1. Eryholme. In my previous report for 1951 details were given of a scheme for the supply of water to this area from the village of Dalton at an estimated cost of £12,000 and the Council felt that the cost was prohibitive.

Early in the year the Council recolved reports on an amended scheme to supply taken for the opposite side of the river at Hurworth. In visa of the hambitity of the Tees Valley Water Board to guarantee the quantity required this proposal had to be abandoned. At the same time the officials are investigating the possibilities of supplying this area from a water supply serving the adjacent district (Northallerton Rural District Council).

2. Cleasby, Stapleton, Guoft, Newton Mourell and Barton.

The original proposal in connection with the supply of water to these parishes was also mentioned in the 1951 report (estimated cost 253,000).

The Council received details of an amended scheme to supply water to this area (apart from Barton) by a 4" branch from Cleasby, part of Barton and Newton Morrell at an estimated cost of £ 9,862.

The Council decided, in view of the expense involed and the agricultural interest, that they meet the owners concerned to see what financial support can be expected. The result of this was that the scheme with an amended revenue statement was submitted to the Water Supplies Officer of the Agricultural Executive Committee who was dealing with his Ministry on the matter of grants.

It is expected that a reply will received early in 1953.

Sewerage and Sewage Disposal. The villages of Barton and Stapleton have combined Sewerage and Sewage Disposal systems. At Cleasby, Eryholme, Manfield, Croft and Dalton there are combined sewers which discharge without proper treatment to ditches. In the remaining parishes of Newton Morrell, Cliffe, Girsby and Over Dinsdale, no public sewer is available, although there are only a few scattered dwelling houses in these parishes. In all the parishes many houses have their own cesspools, some with filters about which no complaints are received. The Council

VATER SUPPLY, 1952.

Parish	No. of occupied houses in Parish.	Approx. Pop.	Water Authority supplying.	Direct to Houses Open Meter	t to ses Meter	By means of standpipes	Total Houses supp-	% of houses supp-	Pop. supp- lied direct	Pop. supp- lied by standpipe.
Barton	168	595	W.B. Eggleston, Barton Limestone.	122	1	18	140	83.33	432	64
Newton Morrell	13	97	No public supply	1	1	1	l	1	١	t
Cleasby	47	148	T.V.W.B.	22	13	1	35	85.37	124	1
Cliffe	77	847	T.V.W.B.	5	<u></u>	1	9	42.85	27	1
Manfield	65	233	T.V.W.B.	36	11	1	24	72.30	991	ı
Groft (Temporary Houses).	777	158	Bulk supply from Richmond R.D.C. distributed by Croft R.D.C.	77	1	Н	77	100.0	158	7
Groft (Other Houses	133	467	T.V.W.B.	. 68	13	•	102	49.92	361	1
Dalton (Temporary Houses).	79	293	Bulk supply from Richmond R.D.G. distributed by Groft R.D.G.	80	0	1	82	100	293	ı
Dalton (Other Houses	ω Ο (Ω	179	Bulk supply from T.V.W.B. distributed by Croft R.D.C.	92	12	1	38	92	134	1
Sryholme	38	136	No public supply	ì	1	1	ı	1	1	1
Girsby	Н	39	၊ ဝုပ္ ၊	1	1	1	١	1	1	1
Over Dinsdale	19	29	Private supply from T.V.W.B.	17	ı	1	17	89.47	09	1
Stapleton	54	193	T.V.W.B.	39	9	1	45	83.33	159	1
	733	2,592	1	480	58	19	557	76.09	906,	89
	A commence and I	Andrew operations and a second second second	s contemporary recommendational geographicals in constructional experienced and an experience of the construction of the const		1					

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periodically flush and clean sewers and tanks at Barton and Stapleton and the combined sewers at Manfield, Croft and Dalton.

The Temporary Housing Sites at Groft and Dalton (disused R. A. F. hutments) are properly drained, W. Cs. being provided to all hutments and two modern Sewerage and Sewage Disposal Works are maintained by a special staff appointed by the Council as Agents for the Ministry of Health.

The Council do not undertake the emptying of cesspools in the area.

PROPOSED SCHEME.

Croft. The Ministry of Health, County Council and the Council have given their approval to this scheme. The former authority indicated a definite starting date for March 1953.

Cleasby, Manfield, Dalton and Stapleton. Further to the 1951 report indicating that the Council had accepted preliminary schemes for these villages costing £ 29,250 they decided to instruct their Consulting Engineers to proceed with details for the village of Manfield for submission to the Ministry for loan purposes.

Closet Accommodation. During the year 9 ash closets and privies were converted into W. C.s as compared with 9 in 1951. The Council do not pay a grant towards the cost of W. C. Conversions.

Scavenging. Public scavenging as carried out in the parishes of Barton, Newton Morrell, Gleasby, Gliffe, Mandield, Dalton, Eryholme, and Stapleton by contrast every two weeks. The parish of Croft previously scavenged by arrangement with Darlington R. D. C. was added to the Contractor's rota for scavenging purposes. The total cost for all parishes being \$655 per annum. The temporary housing sites in the parishes of (proft and Pa) ton are scavenged once a week by the same Contractor at an inclusive cost of 11d per bin (bins supplied).

Sanitary Inspection

Summary of Inspections and Re-inspections under the Public Health Acts.		No. of Informal Notices served	No. of Informal Notices remedial
Water Supplies	12	7	
Housing Inspections	8	•	•
Ash Pits and Privies	•	•	0
Water Closets	•	•	•
Drainage	8	2	1
Dangerous Buildings	5	1	•
Moveable dwellings	6	•	•
Animal Nuisances	5	1	1.
Other Nuisances	34	1	•
	78	12	2

Number of General Inspections	and Visits
Sewerage	15
Water Supplies	13
Buildings in Course of Erection	26
Drains inspected and tested	8
Council House repairs etc.	80
Food Inspection	2
Miscellaneous (Buildings Licences	etc) 190
Infectious Diseases	1
	335

Disinfestation. No verminous premises were found during routine inspections, but two were notified. Both were treated.

Schools. The notice of the Count, Education Authority was drawn to the state of the sanitary accommodation at Barton. The Education Authority remedied the minor defects for which they admitted liability, and agreement was reached with the School Managers for improvements at a later date.

HOUSING.

1. Civil Building Licences. New Dwelling by Private

Two Building Licences for the erection of one house and the conversion of one building into a dwelling house at a cost of £ 2,870 was issued by the Council during the year compared with the issue of five building licences for the erection of four houses and the conversion of one building into a dwelling in 1951.

2. Miscellaneous Building Licences. The Council as Licensing Authority issued five licences in connection with housing repairs, improvements etc. amounting to £ 2,151 compared with six licences amounting to £ 2,123 in 1951.

ERECTION OF NEW HOUSES.

- A. Private Enterprise. Two new houses were completed, one converted from loose boxes and one from store rooms over garages compared with two new houses, one large house : ... divided into three flats and two cottages almost completely reconstructed last year.
- B. Council Houses. There were no Council Houses either under construction or completed during the year.

Temporary Houses. The Council, as Agents for the Ministry of Health, have under their control five disused R. A. F. hutted sites. The hutments as mentioned in previous reports were adapted for temporary housing purposes on the sites, each family having a self-contained unit of housing comprising from one to three bedrooms and living room complete with cooking stove and piped water supply over sink. There is also a laundry house and sanitary accommodation. The sites contain 4½ brick built hutments with asbestos roof, corrugated galvanised iron nissen huts, and felted plasterboard buts with corrugated galvanised iron roofs, all of which are properly drained and sewered.

The Council continued their policy of disposing of the sub-standard hutments. Nine Nissen huts and one picket post were vacated in readiness for sale early in 1953.

The following are the figures for the number of families housed on the various sites at the 31st December 1952:-

1. Woodside 24
2. Whitley 20
3. Wellington 23
4. Lancaster 14
Comm Halifax 43
Technical 1

A Technical Assistant is employed full time with two labourers on the sites dealing with maintenance repairs and other various complaints and needs of the Occupiers of the hutments. These Occupiers are a mixed class and there is great difficulty in dealing with the unsatisfactory.

Applications for Council Houses. The Total number of applicants for Council Houses, from families residing in the rural area is 82 of which 28 were without homes of their own, as against a total of 42 families in February 1951.

The number of applications from families residing outside the Council's area was 60 of which 43 were without homes of their own.

The table shown on page 11 indicates the requirements in the various parishes, together with the number of agricultural workers and accommodation required.

Inspections under the Housing Acts.

Total number of dwelling houses inspected - 32

Category of houses inspected

No. of dwelling houses fit in all respects ... 8

" " requiring minor repairs . 5

" " unfit for human habitation 19

Moveable Dwellings. One application was received and granted for a renewal of a licence to use land and station a caravan.

Plans under Byelaws. The following is a list of plans submitted under the Council's Building Byelaws during the year:-

New Houses (including Council Houses: 6
Alterations and additions to houses 6
Conversions of buildings into houses 2
Agricultural buildings 2
Shops, stalls etc. 6
Garage and Sheds etc. 5
W. C. and drainage etc 6
Alterations to other buildings 2
Others 5
Total 28

INSPECTION AND SUPERVISION OF FOOD. It has not been found necessary to take any action under the Council's Byelaws although 12 inspections were made of food premises. The difficulty in improving conditions is most apparent in dealing with the small village shop where all types of commodities are on sale in a very restricted space.

There are seven public houses, including hotels in the area, four of which have catering licences. Improvements were completed to the kitchens of two hotels commenced last year. The only other catering establishments are a Nursery School, and a Tea Garden where teas are served. All these premises are satisfactory apart from the sanitary arrangements in three small public houses and the Owners have been advised. In one case we are aware that plans are being prepared.

Condemnation of Food. The following foodstuffs were examined and found to be unfit for human consumption and were voluntarily surrended:-

1 x 11 lbs. tin Boiled Ham. 1 x 19 lbs. 7 ozs. " "

AFFLICATIONS FOR CCUNCIL HOUSES.

AFFLICANTS RESIDING IN THE RURAL AREA.

Tot	Stapleton	Manfield	Dalton	C:20 £ £	Barton	Iotals	Stapherica	Meneral	Dalton	Crofs	Barton	Villages where house is required
Totals 17	2	3	2	6	4	Ls <u>54</u>	15	N	8	6	23	No. with home of their own
43	10	5	4	17	7	28 AFFLI		2			10	No. without homes of their own
+		The state of the s	•			12 CANTS NOT RES	-	•	2		5	Agricultural No. with home of their own t
7	2			The state of the s	2	6 6 R	j-J		Þ	W		No. wintout home of their own
12	2	N	Н	5	2	28 URAL AREA	9	}-d	2	22	14	Wit Bedro 2
5	•	Н	Н	Ы	10	16	W	L	3	20	7	With Homes Bedrooms required 2 3 4
•	•	•	•		•	10	W	•	3	N	N	uired 4
34	7	ഗ	4	12	6	19	0	Р	4	N	0	Without Bedrooms 2 3
9	W	Transfer of the second	•	5	<u></u>	Co	H	Ы	•	W	W	Without Ho
•	•	•	•	The second secon	•	<u>-</u>	•	•	•	•	⊢ J	Homes required 4

NOTE: All Agricultural Workers are ineluded in the first two columns.

FOOD AND DRUGS ACT, 1938. SECTION 14.

Ice-cream. There are no manufacturers or ice cream in the area. No application was received for registration of premises for the storage and such of ice cream. The total number of registered premises is now 3.

Slaughter Houses, Slaughtering. The Government scheme of Centralised Slaughterhouses was continued during the year and all slaughtering for the area was carried out at the Park Lane Salughterhouse in Darlington.

One new and 4 renewal licences to slaughter animals were granted during the year.

MILK. There are 10 distributors of milk in the area, all of whom are producer-retailers.

The following supplementary licences were issued to distributors from outside the district:-

Tuberculin Tested 1
Pasteurised 2

No complaint has been received regarding the distribution of milk or upon the condition of theri premises.

It was not found necessary for the Medical Officer to take any action under the Milk and Dairies Regulations, 1949 regarding the prohibition of sale of any milk or directing its heat treatment before sale.

Miscellaneous.

FACTORIES ACTS - 1937 and 1949. Part 1 of the Act.

1. Inspections for purposes of provision as to health (including inspections made by Samitary Inspectors).

		77	Nu	0	
	Premises (1)	Number on Register (3)	tions	Written notices (5)	
(1)	Factories in which Sections 1,2,3,4 & 6 are to be enforced by Local Authorities	7	11	•	•
(2)	Factories not included in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority.	4	4	•	٠
(3)	Other Premises in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority (excluding out-workers premises)	•		•	•
	Totals	11	15		

Cases in which defects were found . nil Outworkers ... nil

Rag Flock and other Filling Materials Ast 1951.
Rag Flock and other Filling Materials Regualtions 1951.

The above Act operated from let Wovember 1951 and is designed to secure the use of clean fillbling materials in upholstered articles and other articles which are stuffed or lined.

It provides for the registration of premises where any of the prescribed filling materials are used, and for the licensing of premises where they are manufactured.

Authority is given under the Act for samples to be taken to ascertain the cleanliness of the materials used.

The regulations prescribe the standards of cleanliness for each type of filling material, specify the prescribed analysis for the tests, fees to be charged and form of certificate. They also indicate the form in which records are to be kept by Occupiers of premises registered or licensed for the purpose of the Act.

There are no manufacturers or registered premises in the area.

Prevention of Damage by Pests Act, 1949. The provisions of this Act give rise to an increasing amount of time and labour being spent on Rodent Control. Not only is it the duty of the Local Authority to treat its sewers, sewage works and refuse tips at regular intervals, but also to inspect its entire district for evidence of rat or mice infestations. This latter operation is carried out on all routine inspections of all types of property.

During the year the Connoil's sewers at Barton were test-baited and as a slight infestation was found, a treatment was carried out. Both sewage works were found to be slightly infested and were treated. The only tip used by the Council in the area is at Croft Airport, and this is treated every three months.

A regular: treatment is maintained at the business premises mentioned in last year's report, and the agricultural area is well served by the Agricultural Committee's Rodent Control Service (who carried out this work for farms under contract).

Byelaws in force in District.

Slaughter Houses - 6.1.25.
Building Byelaws
New Streets 1. 1. 40.
Food Handling 30.5.50.

Petroleum (Regulation) Acts, 1928 and 1936.

Sixteen renewal licences to store petroleum spirit were issued during the year.



